



Grand Prix Calculations

Runners score points based on their time as a percentage of the winner's overall time, making every second count! Points earned are calculated as follows:

$$\text{points} = (\text{winner's finishing time} / \text{racer's finishing time}) \times 100$$

For example, a winning time of 41:08 gets 100.00 points; a time of 42:21 is worth 97.13, and 1:20:32 gets 51.08 (the winning time being just about 50 percent of that runner's time).

At the end of the series, to be considered as part of the Grand Prix you must have run a certain number of races. Where the number of races (N) is $\frac{1}{2}$ the total number of races plus 1. Then the points for the top N races for each runner are added together for a total. This total is used for determining placement.

For example, John Doe runs 5 races out of 7 that are in the series. His top 4 race points are totaled to calculate his Grand Prix points. This total is used to determine his place, 1st, 2nd, 3rd, etc.